

LHC FOUNDATION TRUST
(REGISTRATION NUMBER IT 767/02)
TRADING AS I CARE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

GENERAL INFORMATION

Trustees M. L. Addison

M. A. Black Y. L. Boden T. I. Mufamadi J. A. Quirk T. N. Xulu

Business address 69 Churchill Road

Windermere

Berea 4001

Postal address PO Box 3355

Somerset Park

Durban 4021

Bankers Nedbank

Trust registration number IT 767/02

NPO Number 022.669

PBO Number 930001893

Level of assuranceThese financial statements have been audited in compliance

with the applicable requirements of the Trust Property Control

Act 57 of 1988.

Auditors Harel Davidson Incorporated

Preparer The financial statements were independently compiled by:

Vishal Balkissoon AGA (SA)

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Harel Davidson Incorporated

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Established in 1994

HAREL DAVIDSON INCORPORATED TRADING AS HDI / DIRECTORS : M.T.D. HAREL CA(SA) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT AND REGISTERED AUDITOR / PRACTICE NO. 951 285 REG NO. 2005 / 042727 / 21 / VAT REG NO. 4750227367

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the trustees of LHC Foundation Trust

Qualified opinion

We have audited the financial statements of LHC Foundation Trust set out on pages 8 to 18, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 28 February 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effect of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of LHC Foundation Trust as at 28 February 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Act.

Basis for qualified opinion

It is not feasible for the organisation to institute accounting controls over donations prior to the initial entry of the donations in the accounting records. Accordingly, it was impracticable for us to extend our examination beyond the receipts actually recorded.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Trustees' Report as required by the Trust Property Control Act 57 of 1988, which we obtained prior to the date of this report. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the trustees for the financial statements

The trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Trust Property Control Act 57 of 1988, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the trust or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Harel Davidson Incorporated Director - Dorinne Harel CA (SA) Registered Auditor

Hard Davidson Inc

27 May 2022

TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

The trustees are required to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the trust as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates.

The trustees acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the trust and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the trustees to meet these responsibilities, the board sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the trust and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the trust's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the trust is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the trust. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the trust endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The trustees are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the trust's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the trust's external auditors and their report is presented on page 3 - 4.

The financial statements set out on pages 6 to 19, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board on 27 May 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

M. L. Addison

T. I. Mufamadi

TRUSTEES' REPORT

The trustees have pleasure in submitting their report on the financial statements of LHC Foundation Trust for the year ended 28 February 2022.

1. THE TRUST

The trust was formed in terms of a trust settlement by TSK Investment Trust dated 01 June 2002.

2. REVIEW OF FINANCIAL RESULTS AND ACTIVITIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the trust are set out in these financial statements.

The operations of the Trust are intended to provide a meaningful and long term solution to the growing number of children living on the streets, as well as to address the social problems associated with these children.

Since the commencement of its operations, the Trust has received a growing level of support from the public and its trustees are confident that this support will contribute significantly towards helping it achieve its objectives.

The objectives of the Trust are more fully set out in its Deed of Donation and Trust which is included on its website (www.icare.co.za).

During the year the Trust pursued its objectives of contributing to the upliftment of the lives of street and homeless children by providing financial, material and spiritual upliftment to the children on the streets as well as to a number of homes and shelters which support these children.

The operating results and state of affairs of the trust are fully set out in the attached financial statements.

Material support, which is provided through the Trust's "social surpluses" campaign, was received from a number of businesses and private individuals. The value of these 'in-kind' donations received with regard to this aspect of the Trust's operations has not been reflected in the financial statements of the Trust although the expenses associated with the collection and distribution of this material support are included.

Total donations received by the Trust for the year were R 5 455 076 (2021: R 6 600 777). Included in these donations received in the current year are certain amounts which though included in current income have been donated to defray future expenditure of both a capital and and income nature. Therefore the current year accumulated surplus represents this income carried forward to cover this expenditure which will be incurred in the forthcoming financial year. The operating results and state of affairs of the trust are fully set out in the attached financial statements and do not in our opinion require any further comment.

3. GOING CONCERN

The trustees believe that the trust has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The trustees have satisfied themselves that the trust is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The trustees are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the trust. The trustees are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the trust.

The ability of the trust to continue as a going concern is dependent on relaxing of lockdown regulations and recovery of the South African economy after the effects of Covid-19 pandemic.

TRUSTEES' REPORT

4. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The trustees are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

5. TRUSTEES

The trustees in office at the date of this report are as follows:

Name

M. L. Addison

M. A. Black

Y. L. Boden

T. I. Mufamadi

J. A. Quirk

T. N. Xulu

6. AUDITORS

Harel Davidson Incorporated continued in office as auditors for the trust for 2022.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2022	2021
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	2	1,677,630	1,784,749
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	3	157,623	226,464
Cash and cash equivalents	4	8,502,105	8,361,079
		8,659,728	8,587,543
TOTAL ASSETS		10,337,358	10,372,292
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Trust capital		1,150,000	1,150,000
Accumulated surplus		9,073,708	9,008,029
		10,223,708	10,158,029
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	5	34,702	108,776
Provisions	6	78,948	105,487
		113,650	214,263
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		10,337,358	10,372,292

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Figures in Rand		2022	2021
DONATIONS RECEIVED	7	5,455,076	6,600,777
DIRECT PROJECT AND MARKETING COSTS		(4,777,158)	(4,991,875)
GROSS SURPLUS		677,918	1,608,902
OTHER INCOME			
Interest received	8	290,191	419,112
Gains on disposal of assets		124,998	-
		415,189	419,112
ADMINISTRATION AND OPERATING EXPENSES			
Administration and management fees		57,434	44,908
Auditors remuneration	9	38,000	36,000
Bank charges		23,862	23,253
Depreciation		301,509	299,200
Employee costs		475,306	465,955
IT expenses		12,150	22,529
Insurance		16,642	9,437
Municipal expenses		39,831	104,696
Office supplies		2,824	7,662
Printing and stationery		16,006	12,516
Repairs and maintenance		1,500	20,780
Staff welfare		11,086	37,292
Subscriptions		14,150	4,497
Taxation and other services		2,500	-
Telephone and fax		12,553	21,560
Training		2,075	180
Travel			2,334
		1,027,428	1,112,799
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		65,679	915,215

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Figures in Rand	Trust capital	Accumulated surplus	Total equity
Balance at 01 March 2020 Changes in equity Surplus for the year	1,150,000	8,092,814 915,215	9,242,814 915,215
Total changes	-	915,215	915,215
Balance at 01 March 2021 Changes in equity Surplus for the year	1,150,000	9,008,029 65,679	10,158,029 65,679
Total changes	-	65,679	65,679
Balance at 28 February 2022	1,150,000	9,073,708	10,223,708

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash (used in) generated from operations Interest income	12	(79,773) 290,191	738,351 419,112
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		210,418	1,157,463
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Sale of property, plant and equipment	2 2	(194,390) 124,998	(44,075) -
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(69,392)	(44,075)
TOTAL CASH MOVEMENT FOR THE YEAR Cash at the beginning of the year		141,026 8,361,079	1,113,388 7,247,691
TOTAL CASH AT END OF THE YEAR	4	8,502,105	8,361,079

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the trust and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in surplus or deficit in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the trust.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Computer software	Straight line	2 years
Furniture and fixtures	Straight line	6 years
IT equipment	Straight line	3 years
Leasehold improvements	Straight line	3 years
Motor vehicles	Straight line	5 years
Office equipment	Straight line	5 years

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Initial measurement

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. Those debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

Financial instruments at cost

Equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial instruments at fair value

All other financial instruments, including equity instruments that are publicly traded or whose fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, without undue cost or effort, are measured at fair value through surplus and deficit.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort, then the fair value at the last date that such a reliable measure was available is treated as the cost of the instrument. The instrument is then measured at cost less impairment until management are able to measure fair value without undue cost or effort.

1.3 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The trust assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that assetmay be impaired.

If there is any such indication, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.4 DONATIONS RECEIVED

Income from donations and grants, including capital grants, is included in incoming resources when these are received as follows:

- When donors specify that donations and grants given to the Trust be used in future accounting periods, the income is deferred until those periods.
- When donors impose conditions which have to be fulfilled before the Trust becomes entitled to use such income, the income is deferred and not included in incoming resources until the preconditions for use have been met.
- Donations received in kind are not recognised as income as they cannot be measured reliably.

When donors specify that donations and grants, including capital grants, are for particular restricted purposes, which do not amount to pre-conditions regarding entitlement, this income is included in incoming resources of restricted funds when received.

Other revenue earned by the trust is recognised on the following basis :

- Interest income - as it is accrued.

LHC FOUNDATION TRUST

Trading as I CARE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

Figures in Rand 2022

2021

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		2022			2021	
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
Land and buildings	754,240	-	754,240	754,240		754,240
Computer software	40,723	(40,722)	1	40,723	(40,722)	1
Furniture and fixtures	77,132	(75,292)	1,840	77,132	(73,795)	3,337
IT equipment	76,588	(68,175)	8,413	72,197	(54,660)	17,537
Leasehold improvements	235,948	(235,946)	. 2	235,948	(235,946)	2
Motor vehicles	1,910,725	(997,593)	913,132	2,076,188	(1,066,558)	1,009,630
Office equipment	27,979	(27,977)	2	27,979	(27,977)	2
Total	3,123,335	(1,445,705)	1,677,630	3,284,407	(1,499,658)	1,784,749

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2022

	Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
Land and buildings	754,240	-	-	754,240
Furniture and fixtures	3,337	-	(1,497)	1,840
Motor vehicles	1,009,630	189,999	(286,497)	913,132
Office equipment	2	_	-	2
IT equipment	17,537	4,391	(13,515)	8,413
Computer software	1	-	-	1
Leasehold improvements	2	-	-	2
	1,784,749	194,390	(301,509)	1,677,630

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2021

	Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
Land and buildings	710,165	44,075	-	754,240
Furniture and fixtures	5,138	· -	(1,801)	3,337
Motor vehicles	1,293,881	-	(284,251)	1,009,630
Office equipment	2	-	-	2
Leasehold improvements	30,685	-	(13,148)	17,537
Computer software	1	-	-	1
Leasehold improvements	2	-	-	2
	2,039,874	44,075	(299,200)	1,784,749

Details of properties

Property 1

Registers with details of land and buildings are available for inspection by trustees or their duly authorised representatives at the registered office of the trust.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	2022	2021
	22,921	-
	41,743	72,489
	10,575	11,628
		-
		122,611
_	<u> </u>	19,736
_	157,623	226,464
	1,373,809	1,319,808
		3,981
	80,375	190,504
	1,201,940	1,174,597
	5,843,116	5,672,189
	8,502,105	8,361,079
	2	63,172
	_	33,700
	-	6,327
	-	5,577
	34,702	108,776
		Total
Dalalice	_	
105,48		78,948
	A 1.4***	*** - 4 1
	Additions	Total
	E 0.202	105 497
97,28	5 6,202	105,487
	2,996,502	2,714,031
		741,342
	661,596	1,323,193
		4 000 044
	978,954	1,822,211
	Opening balance Opening balance	41,743 10,575 78 38,611 43,695 157,623 1,373,809 2,865 80,375 1,201,940 5,843,116 8,502,105 2 34,700 34,702 Opening balance during the year 105,487 (26,539) Opening balance 97,285 8,202 2,996,502 818,024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
8. INVESTMENT REVENUE		
Interest revenue Bank	290,191	419,112
9. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		
Fees	38,000	36,000
10. OPERATING SURPLUS		
Operating surplus for the year is stated after accounting for the following:		
Operating lease charges Premises		
Contractual amounts Motor vehicles	210,205	404,382
Contractual amounts	121,739	153,000
	331,944	557,382
Property, plant and equipment	124,998	200 200
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Employee costs	301,509 475,306	299,200 465,955
11. TAXATION		
No provision has been made for 2022 tax as the trust is registered as a Public Benefit Organisation and therefore is exempt from Income Tax.		
12. CASH (USED IN) GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
Surplus before taxation Adjustments for:	65,679	915,215
Depreciation and amortisation	301,509	299,200
Surplus on sale of assets	(124,998) (290,191)	- (419,112)
Interest received Movements in provisions	(26,539)	8,202
Changes in working capital:	40.044	(405 756)
Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables	68,841 (74,074)	(135,756) 70,602
Trade and other payables	(79,773)	738,351
13. STAFF COSTS		
Salaries and wages Salaries and wages included in direct project costs	2,534,025	2,592,684
Salaries and wages included in marketing costs	390,332	373,662 439,561
Salaries and wages included in administration costs	483,405 3,407,762	3,405,907

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figures in Rand 2022 2021

14. GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

The ability of the trust to continue as a going concern is dependent on relaxing of lockdown regulations and recovery of the South African economy after the effects of Covid-19 pandemic.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The trustees are not aware of any other material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

SCHEDULE OF DIRECT PROJECTS AND MARKETING COSTS

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2022	2021
DIRECT PROJECT AND MARKETING COSTS			
ACE school		268,258	229,637
Collection and distribution of physical donations and support		105,231	114,259
General distribution		13,353	17,648
Hope Centre costs		1,678,503	1,719,889
Houses - iCare running costs		876,771	823,335
Khutaza Rehabilitation Project		331,944	557,382
Marketing costs		542,625	530,892
Outreach reunification/Aftercare		515,951	436,976
Sakhimpilo rehabilitation costs		311,902	435,263
Skills development project		132,450	122,424
Staff training		170	170
Volunteer program		-	4,000
		4,777,158	4,991,875